



STOCK AND FIXED ASSET MANAGEMENT

US 13945 / NQF Level 4 / 2 Credits

There is a significant cost to carrying excess stock, which is often misunderstood or simply mismanaged.

Effective stock and asset management will have a very direct and positive effect on cashflow and profitability.

Let us show you how it should be done.

WHO SHOULD ATTEND

- All supply chain staff
- Business owners
- Non-financial managers

HOW YOU WILL BENEFIT

- Differentiate between the different types of assets within the business unit
- Gain insight into how to maintain a balance between too much and too little stock
- Identify which type of stock is prone to theft and how to put systems in place to minimise this
- Understand how effective stock management impacts on the profitability and returns
- Implement an inventory management system
- Calculate stock turn and its impact on your bottom line
- Assess the value of assets and calculate depreciation correctly
- Develop a Risk Management programme appropriate for your business

WHAT WILL BE COVERED

- Differentiating between fixed assets and stock in a business unit
- Principles of stock and fixed asset management
- Identifying problems arising from too little or too much stock
- Why stock control is so critical
- Risks associated with stock management
- The importance of quality, quantity, time, price and source in managing stock
- Calculating stock turn for a business unit
- Asset registers, valuation of assets and principles of depreciation
- Risks associated with fixed asset management and how to minimise them

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bottom line of the business



Module 1 Fixed assets and stock in a business unit	Module 2 Stock management and the profitability of a business
 Explain the concepts of fixed assets and stock with examples Identify the different fixed assets in a business unit and give an indication of the purpose of each asset in the business unit 	 Explain the need for stock control with reference to fraud, theft, carelessness and ensuring sufficient stock Explain two different ways of managing stock with reference to records and stocktaking
Identify stock in a business unit and compile a list of the stock usually needed in a business unit	Explain the importance of quality, quantity, time, price and source in managing stock with examples
 Indicate the problems that occur in a specific business unit if there is insufficient stock and compile a plan to ensure that the required stock is available when needed 	 Calculate the rate of stock turnover for a business unit and give an indication of how knowing turnover assists in planning Explain an Economic Ordering Quantity Model (EOQ) model and apply it to a
Problems resulting from too much stock and how stockpiling impacts on the	business unit to calculate the optimum stock level for three items in a business

unit

Module 3 Management of fixed assets in a business unit	Module 4 Principles of stock and fixed asset management
 Identifying the fixed assets in a business unit from a balance sheet Updating the asset register for a business Valuation of assets in a business unit with reference to depreciation and investment Reasons for and purpose of depreciation with examples 	 Identify the risk associated with the management of stock in a business unit and quantify the risk in terms of probability and severity Identify the risk associated with the management of fixed assets in a business unit and quantify the risk in terms of probability and severity Apply a system for managing stock in a business unit with reference to ensuring sufficient stock, control of costs and the value of the stock Design a plan to minimize the risk associated with fixed assets in a business unit

